Sheep Anti-Human Factor XIII Subunit A (F.XIII-A)
Affinity-Purified IgG (0.5 mg)

Cat No: SAF13A-AP
Lot No: SAMPLE
Expiry date: **/**/**
Store at -10 to -20°C.

For Research Use Only ~ Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Description of Factor FXIII (F.XIII)
Factor XIII (F.XIII, fibrin Stabilizing factor) is the proenzyme form of a transamidase that is essential for normal haemostasis and fibrinolysis, wound healing, female fertility and foetal development. Extracellular F.XIII consists of A subunits (83 kDa each) which contain the enzyme moiety, and B subunits (76 kDa each) which act as a carrier protein for the A subunit in circulation. Both subunits are produced under separate genetic control. In plasma, F.XIII exists as a non-covalent tetrameric complex (320 kDa) of two A subunits and two B subunits (A₂B₂). The concentration of F.XIII tetramer in plasma is ~25 μg/ml (~80 nM). An intracellular form of F.XIII is found in platelets, megakaryocytes and monocytes. This form of F.XIII presents as a dimer of two A-subunits only and has a molecular weight of 160 kDa. The importance of these intracellular stores is demonstrated by the observation that platelets can contribute up to half of the F.XIII activity in platelet rich plasma. The activation of F.XIII involves several steps. Thrombin cleaves after Arg⁴⁷ of each A-subunit in the (A₂B₂) tetramer, releasing a 4.5 kDa activation peptide. Additional conformational changes induced by the binding of calcium, and by dissociation of the B-subunits form the A-subunit dimer are required to obtain full enzyme activity. F.XIIIa is a cysteine protease that catalyses the formation of γ-glutamyl-ε-lysyl bonds between the γ and α chains of polymerised fibrin molecules. Other proteins found crosslinked into fibrin clots by F.XIIIa include fibrinogen, α2antiplasmin, fibronectin, vitronectin and von willebrand factor.

References and Reviews

Product Specifications
Description:
Vial containing 0.250 ml of IgG purified by affinity-chromatography on immobilized Factor XIII A subunit. Total protein is 0.5 mg.

Format:
Affinity-purified IgG (APIgG), clear liquid.

Host Animal:
Sheep

Immunogen:
Human Factor XIII (Subunit A (A₂)) purified from plasma.

Concentration:
APIgG concentration is 2.00 mg/ml, determined by absorbance using an extinction coefficient (E 1%1cm) of 13.4.

Buffer:
10 mM HEPES, 0.15 M NaCl, 50% (v/v) glycerol, pH 7.4.

Storage:
Store between -10 and -20°C. Product will become viscous but will not freeze. Avoid storage in frost-free freezers. Keep vial tightly capped. Allow product to warm to room temperature and gently mix before use.

Specificity:
This antibody is specific for Factor XIII subunit A as demonstrated by immunoelectrophoresis and ELISA.

Applications:
Suitable as a source of enriched antibodies to F.XIII subunit A.

Neutralizing activity:
Not determined.

Species Cross Reactivity:
Not determined.

Visit our site (www.enzymeresearch.co.uk) for details.

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